Pages 1 - 58 UNITED STATES DISTRICT COURT NORTHERN DISTRICT OF CALIFORNIA Before The Honorable YVONNE GONZALEZ ROGERS, Judge EPIC GAMES, INC., ) NO. C-20-5640 YGR Plaintiff, Wednesday, April 21, 2021 VS. APPLE, INC., Oakland, California Defendant. PRETRIAL CONFERENCE NO. 4 APPLE, INC., Counterclaimant, VS. EPIC GAMES, Inc., Counter-Defendant. REPORTER'S TRANSCRIPT OF ZOOM PROCEEDINGS APPEARANCES: For Plaintiff: CRAVATH, SWAINE & MOORE, LLP 825 Eighth Avenue New York, New York 10019 BY: KATHERINE B. FORREST, ESQUIRE GARY A. BORNSTEIN, ESQUIRE (Appearances continued.) Diane E. Skillman, CSR 4909, RPR, FCRR Reported By: Official Court Reporter TRANSCRIPT PRODUCED BY COMPUTER-AIDED TRANSCRIPTION

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MS. BYRD: Good morning, Your Honor. Rachele Byrd,

MS. TOWNSEND: I'm sorry, Rachele. Go ahead.

Wolf Haldenstein, on behalf of the Consumer plaintiffs in the

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MR. BERMAN: Good morning, Your Honor. Steve Berman on behalf of the Developers.

MS. TOWNSEND: Good morning, Your Honor. Katie Townsend on behalf of the Reporters Committee for Freedom of the Press and 18 news organizations.

THE COURT: Okay. Good morning, everyone.

As the parties can see, I invited Ms. Townsend, Ms. Byrd, and Mr. Berman to join us this morning just for a brief period to deal with the public access issues.

Once we address those, then I will ask them to turn off their videos as they are not parties, really, to the rest of the things that we need to do in our pretrial.

Let's talk about that first. I've read the motions. Ι think that there has been, and we have seen some of the Twitter feed -- not just Twitter, but some of the social media feed. There seems to be some confusion, and certainly the related-case lawyers seem to be confused as well.

With respect to what is being done here, there is no video access to anyone; not to the parties, not to their teams, not to anyone. I said in our last conference that the Administrative Office of the Courts does not allow me to video trials. And even though -- I know, Ms. Townsend, you have mentioned some things in your motion, but they actually don't help.

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Frankly, look, if I could video something, I would. I'm all in favor of public access but it's not allowed. courts, federal courts, that are using Zoom for trials are not allowing people to watch the video. Everybody gets audio access; we use the Zoom platform to provide audio access and we will do that here. We will also use the platform in the event for health and safety reasons that a witness cannot physically attend. In that event, I will -- the lawyers and I will access that person remotely using Zoom. But no one else other than those people in the courtroom will be able to see it. So, I'm going to go into how I am going to give what I think is more than adequate public access, but I want to know if anybody has any questions about the first piece. Ms. Townsend, do you have any questions? MS. TOWNSEND: I don't, Your Honor. Thank you for clarifying that. THE COURT: Ms. Byrd?

MS. BYRD: I just have one clarifying question about will there be Zoom access for Epic and Apple's trial teams who are not in court?

THE COURT: No.

MS. BYRD: I misunderstood that based on prior comments.

> And I understood your misunderstanding THE COURT:

because I read it in your papers. Their teams, which will be outside of the courtroom, will not have video access. has video access.

MS. BYRD: Understood.

THE COURT: I don't know how to say it more clearly.

Mr. Berman?

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MR. BERMAN: No questions. It's clear now. Thank you.

> THE COURT: Okay.

I understand that there is a significant amount of interest in the case. And this is what -- this is what I am planning on doing, but I brought the three additional lawyers on to give me feedback before I issue any orders.

One is that right now, based upon the restrictions that are imposed on me by the Court, and "by the Court," I mean by the Northern District combined agreement of all judges, we have protocols in place. We have had jury trials in the courthouses; judge Tigar just finished one in this courthouse, but we have protocols. And we are supposed to have two jury trials happening during the Epic/Apple trial. So there are limitations on what I can do.

I do have a seat available in the courtroom which I will designate for the media. One seat, Ms. Townsend. You all are going to have to decide who gets that seat and who is the -- I think what you've called it, the pre-authorized person whose

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name I will need. I am not going to be in the business of trying to figure out who in the media gets that one seat. So you all are going to have to figure it out among yourselves.

And what I would like from you is some kind of protocol that if you can file it with me by, let's say Friday, if you think that's enough time, for how you are going to decide in an equitable manner who is going to get that one seat, and whether it rotates or not I don't -- it doesn't matter to me, but it is one seat in the courtroom.

I am trying to get a couple more seats, but I cannot guarantee at this moment that I can get a couple more seats. So right now I've got one seat.

All right. Ms. Townsend, can the media work on a protocol for figuring out who gets to sit in that one seat?

MS. TOWNSEND: Yes, Your Honor. I'll consult with my clients. I'm sure we will come up with a pool arrangement that will be -- that will be satisfactory to everybody. can file something I think by Friday that updates Your Honor on what that protocol -- what we would propose that protocol to look like.

THE COURT: Okay. Terrific.

Now, I have questions because we have phone lines, but when you get into the -- we have done a lot of research, and I want to thank on the record our IT group who's been helping me on a daily basis try to figure this stuff out.

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After a certain number of people on our phone lines that we link into the Zoom platform, we have to pay per person. And the federal courts, although we have some resources, we do not have unlimited resources.

So, what I would like to know from the parties is, how many people do you think -- how many people do you think are going to be calling in?

The reason that I ask this is that originally we talked about just one phone line for the parties -- your war team, whatever, the corporate representatives to use. We are now being told by the AO that the parties should access, if it's efficient, should access the audio through Zoom. If we do that, it frees up a phone line. But I need to make sure that there's adequate capacity.

So, how many people do you think will be dialing in, so to speak?

MS. FORREST: Your Honor, for Epic, there will be both a legal team who -- as well as some paralegals and support folks and some business folks will be non-witnesses who will be able to listen. So I think that our total number would be somewhere in the vicinity of 25.

Okay. So that's not so bad. That THE COURT: certainly I can accommodate, I assume.

What about you, Mr. Doren?

MR. DOREN: Your Honor, I will say in the same

ballpark.

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That's an additional 50, which is easily THE COURT: accommodated by Zoom.

And then for purposes of sealing, you have to be comfortable that everybody who has access to that Zoom platform is -- can be in the proceedings when they are sealed.

MS. FORREST: Your Honor, I think the parties will be able to work out a protocol to ensure that those individuals who need to drop at certain points, if there are any, that we can work that out. We will handle that with a stipulation with the parties.

THE COURT: Mr. Doren?

MR. DOREN: Agreed.

THE COURT: Okay.

So then what I can do is, I can have a specific line for media and for the attorneys in the two related cases.

What we have done is created a Survey Monkey so that those individuals, whether media or attorneys in those related cases, can complete a request which our administrative staff will manage, and will give you special access to that link so that we know that you have access.

Then I can have a third -- the third line, so to speak, one internal, two external would be for the public at large. And that line I would -- I could advertise the phone number on my web page and on the website -- or the Court's home page so

that people can have access.

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If -- you know, it could be -- again, I don't know what the volume is going to be. As I said to you before -- unless you do. If somebody has a good sense of what that volume is going to be, I would be happy to hear.

I do think that, you know, this trial -- and, again, I say this primarily for the public, the lawyers know -- but this trial is going to last 15, maybe 16 days, maybe 17 days; it depends on how many questions I ask.

There are some out there in the public who think that on May 3rd, they are going to know whether Fortnite is back on the Apple devices. You will not know that on May 3rd, that is the first day of trial.

So this I'm now talking not to the lawyers but to the public. No one is going to know that until after I write a decision, which won't happen until after the trial is over. So, anybody who thinks it's going to happen May 3rd, it's not accurate. That's just the first day of a long trial. Not the longest trial I've ever done, but this isn't a week-long trial.

So, in terms of the media, Ms. Townsend, can you give me any sense about how many people might access that line?

MS. TOWNSEND: I wish I could, Your Honor. I would wager that you'd have every day at least a couple dozen reporters every day. It could be upwards of 50. It could be

up to a hundred. There's -- it's very possible that some news 1 2 organizations have multiple attorneys -- excuse me, multiple 3 reporters covering this. So I don't think we are going to be in the area of 4 5 thousands for the media line, but I could certainly see us 6 hitting where we are right now. I think there's 111, looks 7 like, participants currently. So I can see us being there on 8 a daily basis. 9 **THE COURT:** Okay. Ms. Byrd? 10 MS. BYRD: Yes, Your Honor. For Consumer plaintiffs, 11 I think five, ten at the most people would want to listen in 12 on the dedicated line. 13 THE COURT: Okay. Mr. Berman? 14 MR. BERMAN: For the Developers, Your Honor, no more 15 than five. 16 THE COURT: Okay. 17 So, I can easily have a 200-line dedicated to the media and the attorneys for the related cases. Sounds like that's 18 19 more than sufficient to provide access on a daily basis. 20 Then what I will do is, for the public at large, I will 21 try to get a line that accommodates -- well, at least a couple 22 hundred. We are looking into a 500-line or maybe we can get 23 two 200 lines and that will be 400. 24 In any event, with all of this, that is certainly more 25 than anybody would ever get with an audio feed into a

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courtroom, an overflow courtroom. And if we find that, you know, people are still complaining, perhaps I can get another line in. But I think I will start with that. And if it doesn't seem to be adequate, then I can see if I can make additional arrangements. Does that work for everybody? Does anybody have any concerns about public access that I should know about? (No response.) That sounds great to me, Your Honor. MS. TOWNSEND: Thank you. We appreciate it. THE COURT: Okay. Hearing none. The other piece of the request, Ms. Townsend, were exhibits. And I want to thank the parties for meeting and conferring and making a recommendation on those. Did you have -- I don't know if you saw what they filed on

the docket. I asked them to file that. If you have any

questions -- although I did have a question. I thought that you were only going to upload exhibits that were admitted, not necessarily introduced.

Your proposal said you were going to upload exhibits that were introduced. Which are you going to do?

MS. FORREST: Your Honor, the concept is that it would be those which were admitted with an exception, which is if there are demonstratives, where the demonstrative may have been received for purposes of just identification, we would

like to be able to upload those as well. 1 2 THE COURT: I think more is better. But the -- but 3 certainly in terms of the order, I could say, you know, demonstratives as well. 4 5 I guess -- what do you want me to order? I'm happy to 6 order that things that have been admitted be uploaded and then 7 I can leave to your discretion whether you want to upload 8 other things. Unless you want me to order that anything --9 that demonstratives also be uploaded so that it's fair to both 10 sides. 11 MS. FORREST: I think, Your Honor, from our 12 perspective, demonstratives would also be useful. I don't 13 know if that presents any issues for anyone else, but I think 14 it would help the public to sort of understand what's 15 happening, and the parties who are not present in the 16 courtroom to understand what is happening. 17 We can probably meet and confer on that, but I think all 18 the parties --19 THE COURT: I'm working on an order so I would like 20 to know. 21 Mr. Doren, your perspective? 22 MR. DOREN: I think admitted exhibits and 23 demonstratives makes sense. THE COURT: Okay. So I will order both. 24 25 What I am going to need from you is, I'm assuming that

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there will be a link. So when will you have that link
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      available to me so that, again, I can publicize that on the
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      website?
               MS. FORREST: I think we can be able -- we will be
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      able to get the information for the link -- today is
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      Wednesday, by the end of the week, early part of next week if
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      that suits Your Honor.
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                THE COURT: How about by the 28th so that my team has
      time to make sure it's there?
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               MS. FORREST: That would work, Your Honor.
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                THE COURT: Okay. Any concerns about that?
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               MS. TOWNSEND: Your Honor, I apologize. My screen
      froze momentarily. It wasn't clear to me whether
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      demonstratives would be included or would not be included in
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      that.
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                THE COURT: They will.
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               MS. TOWNSEND: Okay. We're -- we have no objections
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      to this approach.
                          Thank you.
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                THE COURT: Any concerns, Ms. Byrd, Mr. Berman?
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               MR. BERMAN: None, your Honor.
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               MS. BYRD: Not with regard to the exhibits, Your
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      Honor. I just had one question.
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           I appreciate the access to the audio, the dedicated
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      access. I was just wondering if there was any way to give us
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       one seat in the courtroom as the media --
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THE COURT: As of today, no. I will work on it. 1 2 MS. BYRD: Thank you. 3 THE COURT: There was a question about redactions. What was the issue, Ms. Forrest, Mr. Doren? 4 5 MR. DOREN: Your Honor, the parties were discussing 6 whether the documents used with witnesses should be redacted 7 prior to their use with the witness or subsequent to that and 8 before final submission to the Court. 9 I believe we worked our way through that issue. And that 10 the current plan is, as part of the meet-and-confer process, 11 on any objections to exhibits we will redact any personal 12 identifying information and the like. And with the parties 13 reserving their right to use redacted information if it's 14 relevant to the issues in the case. 15 THE COURT: I certainly don't need people's home 16 addresses, you know, that kind of personal information. 17 won't need it so I don't know why anybody else would need it. 18 It seems to me easier to redact things in advance. We are not doing it on the fly during trial, that's probably better. 19 20 know I'm sensitive about my own private information, so.... 21 MS. FORREST: Your Honor, just to be clear. 22 thought is that the document that then is used in court, if it 23 is received, would be the version of the document that would 24 then be uploaded for the public's access. 25

Right. Right.

THE COURT:

Let me circle back, Ms. Byrd, to your question. I have to say, that when I read your request, I don't understand how it is that you think Apple is getting an advantage over the plaintiffs in the related cases.

The witnesses who are testifying for the plaintiff Epic

aren't testifying, I suspect, in your case. The other witnesses are the Apple's -- are Apple's witnesses, and they are Apple's witnesses. So, how they would have an advantage over you when they have access to their own witnesses doesn't make any sense to me.

I understand that you would like to be in the courtroom, but I don't see how you can argue that Apple is getting some unfair advantage.

MS. BYRD: That's a fair point, Your Honor. I just — the conduct of the trial, how the witnesses testify on the stand, their credibility, Apple will be able to view all of that.

THE COURT: But they are their witnesses.

MS. BYRD: Understand, Your Honor. There are other third parties that will be testifying that are not Epic witnesses and they are not Apple employees or former employees. They are developers, I believe, so --

THE COURT: But are they going to testify? Have you identified them as people who are testifying in your case?

MS. BYRD: We haven't gotten that far, Your Honor.

1 THE COURT: Then you have no idea. 2 MS. BYRD: I do not. 3 THE COURT: Then, again, I don't see how there's any prejudice. 4 5 MS. BYRD: Okay. Understood, Your Honor. 6 We would just like as much access as possible since Apple 7 will be present and because the evidence that is admitted at 8 this trial could have an impact on our trial. 9 THE COURT: I agree. I just don't see any prejudice. 10 I think that it is important to keep the rhetoric down 11 because it doesn't help. Now, I understand litigators like to 12 have rhetoric out there, but I don't think it helps. And I 13 don't think it was appropriate to argue prejudice when there 14 is none. And you can't even articulate any here. 15 So, I will try, and I am trying and I am pushing back, to 16 try to get more seats in the courtroom but I'm constrained. 17 So, believe it or not, federal judges, we do have constraints 18 whether we like it or not. 19 So, okay. Let's move on. 20 Is there anything else, Ms. Townsend, from your end that I 21 need to address or haven't addressed? 22 No, Your Honor. I think that covers MS. TOWNSEND: 23 everything that we asked for and we'll be sure to file 24 something by end of day Friday concerning the pool seat that 25 you made available. And we appreciate your attention to these

1 matters. Thank you. 2 Ms. Townsend, I understand, too, I would THE COURT: 3 hope that you will reach out more broadly to media other than just the ones that you represent. I want to make sure that, 4 5 again, the media is being viewed broadly for purposes of the 6 trial. 7 MS. TOWNSEND: We will, Your Honor. Thank you. 8 THE COURT: Okay. 9 Ms. Byrd, anything else from your end? 10 MS. BYRD: No, Your Honor. 11 THE COURT: Mr. Berman? 12 MR. BERMAN: No, Your Honor. 13 THE COURT: Okay. Then I'll go ahead and ask you all 14 to turn off your videos. You are welcome to stay on the 15 platform to hear if you want to hear, but you don't have to go 16 out and then back in again. 17 Thank you, Your Honor. MR. BERMAN: 18 MS. BYRD: Thank you. 19 THE COURT: Thank you. 20 Okay. So let's go to your list. I have a list of things 21 I want to accomplish as well today, but we'll start with your 22 list that you emailed me last night. 23 The first issue you wanted to talk about was the COVID 24 protocol. So mask use by arguing/questioning attorney and 25 testifying witness.

1 Whose issue is this?

MR. DOREN: Your Honor, I think it's a joint issue. We met and conferred on this, and both parties, if the Court is comfortable with it, would like the opportunity for both the questioning attorneys and for the witnesses to testify without masks with, of course, the witness having discretion on that as well.

THE COURT: So here -- I have to think about this.

Here's the issue: The science is that the spread of COVID-19 is reduced significantly if you wear masks. Now, we don't ask whether people have received the vaccine or not. And because of that, I can't be sure who is vaccinated and who's not. So I am reluctant to grant the request because it would increase -- potentially increase risk.

That's my concern. I've got the vaccine. I'm not concerned for myself. The witness and the questioning attorney are on the far side of the courtroom. There are shields in place. But that's my concern.

MR. DOREN: And, Your Honor, our thinking, and I think I say our joint thinking was, given the presence of shields and the distance between the individuals involved, that recognizing that everyone at tables or in any closer proximity would be wearing masks, that the risks would be mitigated substantially and it would facilitate the Court's opportunity to assess the witness, the questioning attorney's

opportunity to breathe, and the court reporter's ability to hear everyone.

MS. FORREST: And, Your Honor, if I might add, we could also confer in advance. And if there are witnesses, for instance, or other personnel who we learn are uncomfortable with that situation, we can try to resolve it on a case-by-case basis. There may be witnesses who are not comfortable proceeding in that manner, and we can take care of that, but we thought it would be useful to do it when we could and when we had a courtroom limited number that were comfortable with this.

MR. DOREN: Agreed.

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THE COURT: All right. Well, I will think more about it.

There is -- like I said, we don't ask. And the staff that is closest is the court reporter and I have the courtroom deputy who are in that area between the questioning attorney and the witness. So, you know -- and we've got the law clerks as well. So it's not -- it's not just a question of you, as individuals, it's a question of everyone in the courtroom. So right now our protocol is that you wear masks.

I can say that some masks work better than others when you have to do a lot of talking. When I sentence and take pleas, I wear the surgical mask. They don't look the best, but surgeons wear them all the time, right, for many hours to do

their work, and they can communicate.

And like I said, I don't always think they look the best, but they certainly work for the ability to breath and talk and hear each other.

MR. DOREN: Thank you, Your Honor.

THE COURT: Let's see. Media access we've talked about.

Depo designations. This was the next issue.

MR. DOREN: Go ahead, Ms. Forrest.

MS. FORREST: The parties -- first, I would like to say that we have made great progress with Judge Laporte in resolving objections. So really we have a logistical issue, which is, for the time that is not going to be part of what we are just calling for shorthand sake the four-hour portion that will go to Your Honor, but the remainder, does -- is it the case --

THE COURT: I don't know what the -- I don't know what you are talking about. You're making a distinction I don't understand.

MS. FORREST: Let me back up.

There was a point in time when Your Honor had indicated that you would read four hours that the parties submitted to you. So we are thinking of that, those four hours, as separate from the remainder. There may be additional designations which the parties may want to introduce into

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their case. And the question for Your Honor is, whether or not they will go in in writing at the appropriate time or whether or not Your Honor would want them played in court. And either is fine.

I think we had thought they would likely go in in writing with the exception of instances when a party might find a particular clip, relatively short, hopefully, that would be useful to play for demeanor, or some other purpose, but the bulk of them would go in in writing.

MR. DOREN: And toward that end, Your Honor, we believe, Apple believes that everything should simply go in in writing rather than there being, you know, some greatest hits and then everything else in writing.

THE COURT: Well, what is your question? That is, okay, if you submit it in writing, then, you know, time is -the time is taken off of your -- off of the number of hours I've given you. If it happens in the courtroom, the time is taken off the number of hours I've given you.

So I'm not exactly sure what your question is.

MS. FORREST: Let me pose it this way, Your Honor. We think the time would be exactly the same in either scenario. Epic would like the opportunity to play certain clips in court if we deem those clips to be something that the Court would find useful to see sort of on video versus in written form.

We just want the ability to do that. So the time is not going to change. It's just a manner of presentation of our case.

THE COURT: I don't dictate how you present your case. You want to do it in the courtroom, you do it in the courtroom. I don't care. You each have the same amount of time. So you can play them in the courtroom.

MS. FORREST: Thank you, Your Honor.

MR. DOREN: And alternatively, Your Honor, it's also acceptable for both parties to submit the balance to the Court in writing as opposed to playing them in court?

In other words, if the Court has a preference not to have to read them, even though they are going against our time and but rather hear them in court, I want to make sure we understand the Court's position.

THE COURT: If you give them to me to read and -- you know, then I'll read them. I can generally read faster than those clips happen. But, like I said, because we can't -- I'm not going to sit here and try to -- I'm not going to clock myself in terms of how long it takes me to read.

So the time is measured by the -- you all agree on what that time allocation is. And if you ask me to read it, then I'll read it as opposed to listening to it in the courtroom.

MR. DOREN: Thank you, Your Honor.

MS. FORREST: Thank you.

THE COURT: Okay. That last bullet, though, I don't understand that question about exhibits.

MR. DOREN: Your Honor, I think we just -- I think the parties just need clarification. We talked about this issue a little bit. We just want to know mechanically how the Court would like it to work.

So, obviously, with the depo excerpts, certain documents are being introduced into evidence through those witnesses. I know that the Court's most recent order included -- Case

Management Order included a reference to a stipulation identifying the exhibits.

And so the question, Your Honor, is, when the parties submit -- both sides submit their four hours, should they include a joint stipulation attaching the exhibits identified and offered for admission through those excerpts, and then will they then be in evidence for the trial at the same time the first live witness takes the stand?

THE COURT: So, if I need to see the exhibits to understand the testimony, you need to give me the exhibits.

Sometimes the question is self-contained and I don't need the exhibit. But if you -- if I need them, you need to give them to me. So that's one.

Two, as long as I have a stipulation that says, you know, when you give me everything to read, and a stipulation, let's say there are 10 exhibits that you all agree come in, I'll

just enter that as part of the order and they are in. 1 2 MR. DOREN: All right. 3 THE COURT: Does that answer the question? That is very helpful, Your Honor. 4 MR. DOREN: 5 And to the extent we submit exhibits to the Court within 6 the framework you just identified, would we lodge those with 7 the Court as opposed to file them through ECF? 8 THE COURT: You can. That's fine. 9 MR. DOREN: Thank you. 10 MS. FORREST: And then one additional point that 11 follows on this --12 THE COURT: Let me think about this, though. 13 We are going to have to have something -- it may be that 14 for purposes of any appellate record, I need to have all of 15 those deposition transcripts as an exhibit that get 16 technically admitted; otherwise I don't know how else it 17 becomes part of your trial transcript. 18 MR. DOREN: That makes sense, Your Honor. 19 THE COURT: Right. Because it's not testimony that 20 is being transcribed, but it is testimony that is being 21 considered. 22 MR. DOREN: In Your Honor's order, you said that each 23 deposition designation shall bear the exhibit marking depo, 24 insert number. So if we prepare those exhibits with that type 25

of numbering and submit it to the Court --

THE COURT: Then on the first day of trial, I can 1 2 just admit those. 3 MR. DOREN: Perfect. THE COURT: And then we will have to have a clean 4 5 copy for the courtroom deputy who keeps the official exhibits. So I'll need a copy for me, obviously, but my personal 6 7 copy I usually mark up. So that should not be the official 8 copy for the courtroom deputy, for Ms. Stone. 9 MR. DOREN: Understood. 10 MS. FORREST: And the related issue, Your Honor, I 11 think which follows from this is there are additional 12 documents which are not part of this four-hour segment which 13 will come in through deposition designations. And for those 14 which were prepared and all objections are resolved at the 15 outset of the case, during Epic's case we would like to offer 16 those potentially early, at least for some of them, so that 17 they are in the record and they would then be part of what we 18 would rely on going forward. 19 THE COURT: Okay. I'm not sure I'm with you 20 Ms. Forrest. What are you -- be a little more explicit. 21 MS. FORREST: There are the four hours of deposition 22 designations which have their documents, and we have just 23 spoken about those. There will be some additional number of documents which 24 25 are not part of that four-hour group which will also come in

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by way of deposition designation. And just logistically, one of the ways to get those in would be just to offer them early in the case, early in our case, and those would then be in for all purposes going forward. And we wanted to make sure that process would be acceptable to you.

THE COURT: Well, I don't want you to provide documents that aren't ultimately -- that aren't going to be used.

So, why -- I don't understand why we would do it that way.

MS. FORREST: Okay. Perhaps let me back up and explain.

In our findings of fact, particularly since some of our evidence in our findings of fact came from the depositions of Apple witnesses, we also authenticated documents of those Apple witnesses through depositions and then cited some of those in the findings of fact.

The concept is we will just logistically need to get those into evidence. We have resolved the objections where there were any and, again, logistically, what we want to do is, these are not part of the four-hour portion that Your Honor would be reading, but there are some documents which have been duly authenticated through depositions, we would want to offer those in the case relatively early to be able to have those as part of then the trial record.

> Again, Your Honor, we hadn't talked about MR. DOREN:

this yesterday so I, too, want to make sure I understand.

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Presumably these would be deposition designations that would then go against Epic's time at trial?

MS. FORREST: Oh, absolutely. Absolutely, Your The concept is that every single minute of any deposition designation would go against their proffering party.

To give Your Honor a sense of the magnitude, it is about an hour. And we're not planning on playing any of this, but in terms of the amount of time, if you will, that is associated with these documents, it's around --

THE COURT: Here's my concern, Ms. Forrest.

I really don't like it when you all go to the Court of Appeal and make arguments about things that you never argued at the trial and dig out things that were never discussed during the trial because you just dumped stuff on the Court.

So my -- so I don't -- if something is important, I would assume that it's going to get -- you either are going to ask me to read it or it will be discussed at the trial.

So, for instance, if you've got Exhibit 52 that's in this group that you are talking about, and you want it in evidence, I would think at some point someone is going to talk about Exhibit 52. So why wouldn't we just deal with it when it became relevant?

MS. FORREST: Well, Your Honor, there are a couple of

situations where what we have done is, through the deposition process, we have obtained testimony that authenticates a document. We don't need to call the witness to trial to simply authenticate the document again; the document speaks for itself. It is cited in the findings of facts, so it is not something that is sort of a document that Your Honor would not have understood was part of what we are thinking of in the -- as coming out during the trial, it would be one of the arguments we've already proffered.

It is simply a logistical way of receiving the deposition designations. We can do it just part of the as-we-go process as we have already discussed and do it that way. There will be a number of documents where we have gotten the authenticated testimony through witnesses at deposition, cited in the findings of fact. It's really a logistical question of being able to get those in.

**THE COURT:** Any response?

MR. DOREN: Just so we share the Court's concern that there will be sponsoring witnesses for each exhibit, and we don't think that random citations in the findings of fact satisfy that.

MS. FORREST: Let me sort of -- I'm sorry. I must be unclear. It is not -- we have a sponsoring witness for each and every one of these documents. The sponsoring witness is a deposition which has been duly taken, the witness is within

1 the proper --2 THE COURT: It sounds like it will be fine. 3 Again, it seems to me the best way to deal with this is by stipulation so that you identify the deposition portions that 4 5 authenticate the document, the other side verifies that. Ιf 6 there's no dispute, then provide me a stipulation that says 7 these exhibits, we agree, should be admitted. Here's the 8 supporting documentation, and then that will be fine. 9 MS. FORREST: Thank you, Your Honor. That solves it. 10 MR. DOREN: Thank you, Your Honor. 11 THE COURT: I'm going to -- I think we are done with 12 this segment, right? Is there anything else? 13 MS. FORREST: Yes, Your Honor. 14 THE COURT: Hold on just a moment. 15 (Pause in the proceedings.) 16 THE COURT: So it is great to have law clerks who are 17 young and totally in tune with what's happening on a much 18 faster basis than I ever would. 19 Apparently Reuters is already incorrectly reporting 20 something that happened in this -- in just within the hour. 21 Reuters is reporting that Apple and Epic will have to decide 22 which member of the media will attend the trial. 23 That is wrong. Reuters is wrong. The media has been 24 represented by Ms. Townsend. Ms. Townsend, if you are still 25 here, put your video back on. Hello?

The media group that filed a request for access who is 1 2 represented by Ms. Townsend here today will make that 3 So, Ms. Townsend, if you could have your people send a note so that we stop getting inaccurate reporting, I 4 5 would really appreciate it. Thank you, Your Honor. We will make 6 MS. TOWNSEND: 7 sure that in-house attorneys at Reuters understand what you've 8 decided today. 9 Thank you. 10 THE COURT: Okay. 11 The other question that continues to be out there 12 apparently is why there is no overflow room with video access. 13 There are a couple of reasons why. 14 One is that federal courts don't do that. We don't video 15 live testimony. 16 Second, this courthouse has six courtrooms. There are two 17 jury trials. So -- well, any time we have a jury trial 18 because of COVID, we are using two courtrooms: One for the 19 proceedings and one for jury deliberations. Four courtrooms 20 are being held for jury trials to use for that reason. 21 There is one courtroom that will be used for this trial. 22 And the last courtroom is being used by all of the judges for 23 criminal sentencings and criminal proceedings. That's it. 24 There are only six courtrooms in this courthouse.

So hopefully that clarifies that question.

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Okay. Let's keep moving.

Experts.

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MR. BORNSTEIN: Your Honor, if I could keep us on deposition designations for just one moment. We have one other issue in the second bullet there.

If I can take a minute, if it would be helpful for me to explain that, I can.

THE COURT: Okay. I thought we had dealt with it. Since you only get four hours, if you're asking for more than four hours, the answer is no.

MR. BORNSTEIN: Absolutely not.

The issue here is, Your Honor, we may have more than four hours that we choose to designate. We recognize four hours is what Your Honor will take. And anything above the four hours, if someone wants to use it, will come out of the remainder of their trial time.

The issue the parties had discussed, and I think have a common mind on, but want to be sure our common mind is common with Your Honor's as well is the following: If a party, for example, has a total of seven hours of deposition designations, four of them would be covered by the four Your Honor has agreed to read, there would be three left. And it may be that as the trial proceeds, the party concludes that some portion of that three hours is actually not worth going into the record and that there's another half an hour of live

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testimony with a witness that would be more useful for the Court.

And what we are hoping we're able to do is, we know we have a deadline to submit to Your Honor the deposition designations that we would like potentially to have in the record, with all of the objections having been either agreed or resolved by Judge Laporte, but we would like to be able, as the trial proceeds, to determine which of those portions we have provided to the Court we would actually like Your Honor to read in which we would --

THE COURT: That doesn't work because I'm reading them next week.

MR. DOREN: Your Honor --

THE COURT: Don't give me more than four hours. there is other stuff that at the end or during the trial you decide that you would rather have me read those materials rather than take live testimony, I can do that at the end.

But I have -- you know, I finish this trial and I go into a jury trial two weeks after. So you're not the only case that I have. And I have scheduled -- I have structured my workload so that I can read this information in advance. So, I need your four hours in advance by the deadline I gave you.

If you want to substitute later your trial time for deposition designations, I can substitute it. I don't care. The time is there. You know, maybe that means if you have two

and a half hours and the other side has two and a half hours, 1 2 then, you know, I may take Friday and close down the Court and 3 go sit in my yard and read your five hours. We can do that. But I need your four hours by my deadline. 4 5 MR. BORNSTEIN: Okay. 6 If I understand correctly, we will be submitting to Your 7 Honor the four hours by the deadline the Court set which we 8 will be prepared to do with the objections addressed. 9 And to the extent either party has any additional 10 deposition testimony that it would like to have become part of 11 the record, either because of substantive testimony or in 12 connection with a witness's testimony about a document that we 13 would like to have come in, that's something we would do 14 subsequently and we don't need to submit to the Court by the 15 deadline you've set for the four hours? 16 **THE COURT:** As long as you understand that it's being done in replacement of your trial time. 17 18 MR. BORNSTEIN: Absolutely, Your Honor. Yes. 19 THE COURT: That's fine. 20 MR. BORNSTEIN: Okay. Great. That's helpful to have 21 clarity on. I appreciate it. 22 Thank you, Mr. Bornstein, for raising it. MR. DOREN: 23 THE COURT: Okay. Now, can we move to experts? 24 MR. BORNSTEIN: Yes, Your Honor. Thank you. 25 Okay. Your first bullet. THE COURT:

MS. MOYE: Yes, Your Honor.

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With respect to experts, we have talked about the concept of back-to-back experts a number of times, and we just wanted to confirm that we had the correct understanding.

As we understand it, the Court would find it to be helpful to have the economic theory experts testify back to back. That translates into Dr. Evans and Professor Athey for Epic back to back with Professor Schmalensee, Professor Lafontaine and Professor Hitt for Apple.

Apple would prefer to have the remainder of its expert witnesses presented in its case in full. We also have experts on security issues, experts on IP issues, things like that as opposed to having those experts back to back in the Epic case. But we just wanted to confirm the Court's preference with respect to that issue.

> MS. FORREST: Your Honor, might I make one comment? THE COURT: You may.

MS. FORREST: There is one additional economist, which is Mr. Rubinfeld, who had not been mentioned by Ms. Moye. I wasn't sure if she was thinking of him as part of the expert economist group. He does their -- a significant piece of their expert work, expert economist work or whether or not she was thinking of putting him later.

MS. MOYE: Yes. With respect to Mr. -- Professor Rubinfeld, we were planning to put him later. He is an

economist, but he is an economist who talks about IP licensing 1 2 arrangements, the procompetitive nature of Apple's IP 3 licensing to developers. And so it is a slightly different type of testimony than that at issue with Dr. Evans, Professor 4 5 Athey, Hitt, Schmalensee, and Lafontaine. 6 So, yes, we did intend to include Rubinfeld in our case as 7 opposed to as a part of the back-to-back exercise. 8 THE COURT: And who is the contrary that -- the 9 opposite for Rubinfeld? MS. MOYE: Epic has not designated, to my mind, an 10 11 expert that responds to Rubinfeld. I will let the Epic 12 lawyers chime in on that. 13 MR. BORNSTEIN: Yes, Your Honor. Dr. Evans responds 14 to portions of Professor Rubinfeld's opinions that we think 15 are worth responding to. 16 THE COURT: What about on the security issues; who 17 are those? 18 MR. BORNSTEIN: We have a -- we will have a security 19 expert testify in our opening case and we have a different 20 security expert who will be providing a rebuttal opinion in 21 response to Apple's security expert. MS. MOYE: And, Your Honor, Apple has one security 22 23 expert. THE COURT: Are there any other categories? 24 25 MS. MOYE: The other category is survey experts.

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back-to-back expert or at the end of Apple's case as would normally be the case for rebuttal? THE COURT: If they're economists, they are going to be called all at the same time. MR. BORNSTEIN: Your Honor, we have two expert witnesses who are economists who have put in rebuttal reports. One of them is Dr. Evans, who you will have spent time with on his opening report, and the other one is Dr. Cragg. And I certainly think that Dr. Evans is going to want to and need to respond to things that will come in through Apple fact witnesses during the course of the Apple case. So if we were to bring him back right away, after the Apple economists testify, we might want to have him testify in our rebuttal case to address fact testimony that comes in during Apple's case or he also responds to Dr. Rubinfeld's --THE COURT: I don't understand, Mr. Bornstein. What is he going to say? MR. BORNSTEIN: Well, for one thing, Professor Evans is going to respond to Professor Rubinfeld, who, I understand, is now going to come in Apple's case. THE COURT: Okay. That testimony can happen afterwards. MR. BORNSTEIN: Sure.

the procompetitive justifications that I assume we're going to

And then he's going to be addressing, among other things,

hear from Apple's fact witnesses.

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THE COURT: Aren't they incorporated into the expert reports?

MR. BORNSTEIN: The Apple experts certainly cover the point, but I do think, Your Honor, we are going to hear fact testimony as well. And Apple will support its procompetitive justifications, I presume, they have in their findings of fact attempted to do so, with fact witness testimony with, for example, Mr. Schiller who is clearly going to be a key focus of the Apple case, will testify about, I presume, what Apple contends to be procompetitive benefits.

I think we need to have our economist be able to respond.

THE COURT: So an expert is not going to be able The expert's not going to be able to testify as to factual issues. All the expert can do is say, if you believe those factual issues, then my opinion is X. Or you shouldn't -- I don't even -- yeah. So I'm not exactly sure why it has to wait.

MR. BORNSTEIN: For example, Your Honor, if Mr. Schiller from Apple at trial is cross-examined effectively on a particular point that is a foundation of the expert opinion that's been offered by the Apple experts in a particular procompetitive justification, turns out through his testimony not to be supported, I think it will be important for us to have the economist be able to come and to say now

that the facts have come in and that a particular point that Apple has advanced is not, in fact, supported by the evidence, that affects my opinion in the following way. And to be able to frame for Your Honor the relevance of the factual record that has been created, I think, is a critical part of what the expert can do and needs to do on rebuttal.

And Professor Evans is going to be coming anyway to respond to Professor Rubinfeld. And I imagine, Your Honor, as scintillating as a witness as he may be, I imagine Your Honor doesn't want to see him three times.

MS. MOYE: Your Honor, if I can be heard on this issue.

Apple's position is that each of these experts should be testifying only once. We understand that the Court has said if there's some recentivity to Dr. Evans coming to address any new opinions from Professor Rubinfeld in our case, we can put that to the side. But on the proposal that Dr. Evans would be attempting to rebut factual witnesses, we think that testimony would be highly inappropriate and that the Court has already established a mechanism for the parties to address whether expert testimony was supported by the record.

THE COURT: Mr. Bornstein, I am trying to digest an incredible amount of information. Right? I've already read hundreds of pages. There is no surprise here. The notion that -- I am sure you are all great trial lawyers, but the

notion that we are going to have a, you know, a huge ah-hah moment because of a cross-examination is probably low.

I still don't understand, given that there are no surprises here, there is no jury, why Evans can't say, Your Honor, you're going to hear from Mr. Schiller and he's going to make the argument, because I've read his testimony, he's going to make the argument about A, B, and C. I believe that that's inaccurate; that there is no way they can prove that. Or there is no — there's no credible reason for believing it. And if you don't believe A, B, and C, then it's my view that X.

That's -- having all of that economic testimony consolidated will help me digest all of it at once. I don't need Evans to come back and say, oh, Mr. Bornstein cross-examined Schiller in such a fabulous way that you can't believe what Schiller has to say.

MR. BORNSTEIN: Well, I --

THE COURT: An economist doesn't need to tell me that.

MR. BORNSTEIN: I understand the point Your Honor is making about that. I guess the practical question we have is the following: If Professor Rubinfeld is testifying in Apple's case, then we need to have Professor Evans come at the end so he can respond to Professor Rubinfeld. Professor Evans has put in an opening report, he has put in a rebuttal report.

So he is going to testify twice. He needs to testify twice. I don't know why Ms. Moye says he is coming once. He's an opening expert and he's a rebuttal expert.

And I think the only question is whether we have him come twice or we have him come three times, which we were trying to avoid. So we can have him, if it's helpful to the Court, we can certainly have him go after the Apple economists. The problem is, if Professor Rubinfeld is coming later, then he's going to have to come back to deal with Professor Rubinfeld anyway.

THE COURT: Yes, but by that time we are talking about IP licensing, we're not talking about the fundamental economic theory that Epic is suggesting in terms of its antitrust claims.

MR. BORNSTEIN: Well, on that we may have a difference of opinion with Apple, Your Honor, on the content of Professor Rubinfeld's testimony. He is an economist. He has given an economic opinion. It's an economic opinion that relates to issues of licensing, but he talks about free riding and he talks about procompetitive --

THE COURT: Well, then maybe Rubinstein -- Rubinfeld or Rubinstein needs to testify with the economists.

MR. BORNSTEIN: That would -- sorry.

THE COURT: My only point is, look, is if is it Rubinfeld, right?

MS. MOYE: Rubinfeld.

THE COURT: If his testimony is cabined to this one issue, and Evans is going to come back and rebut it, then Evans rebuts it on the one issue.

If you're anticipating that there's going to be all sorts of other stuff happening between Evans and Rubinfeld, and so you would like to have a second shot, that's not okay. You know what they are going to put on. They have given you 385 pages to explain to you what they are going to put on. Again, there are no surprises here.

MR. BORNSTEIN: Is Your Honor contemplating that we would not have Professor Evans come back after Professor Schmalensee testifies for example? We need to be able to have him come and respond to what they choose to put in their case. He is a rebuttal expert and he's responding to their --

THE COURT: I thought they were all coming at the same time. Didn't we just talk about that?

I was given a list of six experts; three from Epic and three from Apple. If you want to put on your three and then they are going to put on your three and you want to bring your other one back, I don't care. That's fine with me. I just want them all to testify back to back.

MR. BORNSTEIN: Understood.

So we have, just to make sure, we have the list because I think there may be one that's off the list.

We have three economists: It's Professor Evans, Professor Athey, and Dr. Cragg. Dr. Cragg submitted only a rebuttal report, so we anticipate calling him as a rebuttal witness in response to the economic testimony from the Apple witnesses.

Dr. Evans submitted both an opening and a rebuttal report, and so we anticipated calling him to provide opening testimony and then returning for rebuttal. And Professor Athey submitted only an opening report, so she's easy. She would just come and give her testimony.

If it is the Court's preference, which is completely fine with us, to have all of this come together, what I think we are landing on, is we would have our opening expert economist give their testimony, Apple would have their four economists give their testimony, and then we would have our rebuttal economists respond. And that would come all together for the Court. If that is the most useful thing, then that's absolutely fine with us.

MS. MOYE: Your Honor, for clarity, what Apple proposes is that after Epic has its opening economic theory experts, it's Evans and Athey testify, Apple will call Schmalensee, Lafontaine, and Hitt, three of its four economists. The fourth economist is Rubinfeld who addresses IP licensing issues. He would be called in Apple's case—in—chief.

**THE COURT:** So what I hear the order of experts is

going to be is Evans, Athey or Athey, then Schmalensee, 1 2 Lafontaine, and Hitt, and then Evans and Cragg or Cragg. 3 MR. BORNSTEIN: And the only --THE COURT: If you want to have Evans testify as to 4 his or her view of the three economists who are testifying 5 afterwards before they testify, that's fine. Again, I just 6 7 want this to be all within -- all together. 8 MR. BORNSTEIN: The only wrinkle that I think we are 9 having, Your Honor, is the placement of Professor Rubinfeld. 10 Because Professor Rubinfeld, although he does address IP 11 issues, he does also give rebuttal to Professor Athey. That is part of his testimony. And then Professor Evans responds 12 13 to Professor Rubinfeld. 14 **THE COURT:** Do I have his report yet? 15 MS. MOYE: Yes, Your Honor. It was submitted with 16 the trial readiness binder. 17 MR. BORNSTEIN: So we are happy to have everybody 18 together, I just -- if we pluck one out --19 THE COURT: It sounds like you object to Rubinfeld 20 testifying separately. 21 MR. BORNSTEIN: I do not object to him testifying 22 separately if we are able to have Professor Evans come back 23 and respond. But at that point Professor Evans is testifying 24 three times, and Your Honor will be hearing the response to 25 Athey separately in Apple's case unless Professor Rubinfeld

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does not intend to pursue that portion of his opinion that
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       responds to Athey.
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                MS. MOYE: Your Honor, what I heard was there was no
       objection to Rubinfeld coming later, so I don't know if
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       there's an issue --
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                THE COURT: There is an objection. He just stated
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       it.
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                MS. MOYE:
                           I thought he started with there was no
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       objection to Rubinfeld coming later.
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                            Lawyers say things but ultimately there
                THE COURT:
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       is an objection. That's why we are having this discussion.
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                MS. MOYE: Yes. We would like to call Rubinfeld at
       the -- in our case-in-chief because he discusses distinctly
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       different issues. He focuses --
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                THE COURT: Apparently he doesn't. Apparently he
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       straddles the economic issues with other issues.
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                MS. MOYE: There is some response to Athey in the
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      Rubinfeld report.
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          Whatever is most helpful for the Court, we are happy to
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       do, Your Honor.
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                THE COURT: Well, it sounds like he needs to testify
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      twice. If Evans needs to testify twice, he needs to testify
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       twice.
                MS. MOYE: So, his response --
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                THE COURT: Or you can have him testify with all of
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1 your other experts. 2 MS. MOYE: We understand, Your Honor. 3 THE COURT: Meet and confer and let me know what's 4 going to happen. 5 MS. MOYE: Okay. 6 MR. BORNSTEIN: We'll do that. 7 MS. MOYE: Your Honor, just to be clear, our proposal 8 was that Schmalensee, Lafontaine, and Hitt would definitely be 9 included in the back-to-back exercise, but we had not figured out the order for those three witnesses. 10 11 So I didn't want to create a misperception there. 12 THE COURT: Okay. Noted. Anything else on experts? 13 (No response.) 14 THE COURT: All right. Next issue. 15 I don't know who's suggesting shadow reporters; we don't 16 do that. So whosever request it is, it is denied. 17 don't know why you would need it anyway. You are getting 18 realtime through the official court reporter. 19 MR. DOREN: Your Honor, if I may, that was my 20 follow-up question. If we can get the live feed through the 21 court reporter remotely, we would not need a shadow reporter 22 or request one. 23 THE COURT: Well, you can't have one. 24 MR. DOREN: So I said, I will not make the request. 25

And I know that they provide realtime so

THE COURT:

1 I'm not exactly sure what the issue is.

You probably -- that's a technology question, and your technology folks should connect with our folks, especially if all your people are going to be on the Zoom platform. So I don't know what the issue really is, Mr. Doren.

MR. DOREN: Sure, Your Honor. And that's perfect.

If we have leave to put our technology people together to work out remote access to the live feed, that would be perfect.

The issue is, or the practical issue is, given the Court's desire for daily redlines of the findings of fact, the goal is to have the live feed reach those on the team who are outside of the courtroom so that we can keep up with that task over the course of the day.

THE COURT: Well, if you can't do it, then I will give you 48 hours instead of 24, and that will take care of that problem.

MR. DOREN: Thank you, Your Honor. We will have our IT people confer and report back to the Court.

MR. BORNSTEIN: Your Honor, if the 48-hour rule -- or 48-hour concept is acceptable to the Court, I think I speak for the members of the trial team that are not currently on the platform with us, that I think it would help them from being up all night each night in catching up with the day's transcript and to be able to work on it during the day so we

are getting it to you one day in the rear, so to speak.

MR. DOREN: More broadly put, Your Honor, I think the question that the parties have for the Court is, as a practical matter, how would you like to handle -- and when would you like to receive these updates of -- redline updates based on the testimony as it comes in?

THE COURT: So 48 hours is fine. They are long days. When I read your proposed findings of fact and conclusions of law, I realized that you did not indicate in there for much of it -- sometimes you did, but for much of it you did not indicate what the source of the proposed findings of fact especially was. So, it's not easy to -- it's not easy to just shift a, you know, proposed name with the transcript cite.

So I think that it's probably -- it may be easier to, you know, to just change font color to suggest that something's actually come in. So right now everything is in black. Pick a color. If fact number 62 comes in, change it to blue or change it to red and put a transcript cite.

And if you have to massage it because it didn't come in the way the lawyers thought it would come in, then you massage it. And then what you would do is, we don't need to file those things. Just send it to our proposed mailbox — proposed order or chambers email so that way I can keep track of what's coming in versus what hasn't come in. I will keep track of that electronically.

MR. DOREN: Thank you, Your Honor. 1 2 And if it is 48 hours, that would be the end of the second 3 day after the day for which it's being updated? THE COURT: The end of the day, yes. 4 5 MR. DOREN: Thank you. THE COURT: I can quarantee you, I'm not going to be, 6 7 after a full day with all of you, I'm not going to be itching 8 for someone to print that out and give it to me. As I said, I 9 do have a few other cases on my docket. But I do want it 10 there and available for me so that I can know how we are 11 making progress and where we are not. 12 I mean, look, sometimes the most -- when I've done this 13 before, sometimes the most helpful information is what you 14 didn't get in. Because all of these conclusions of law are 15 based upon a theory of what the factual record is going to 16 look like. And when you actually don't get it in, because 17 that is not what the witnesses actually say as opposed to what 18 the lawyers think they are going to say, that helps me focus 19 on, you know, something that may not, in terms of the ultimate conclusion, something that was never proved. 20 21 Plus, again, it keeps everything really transparent 22 between the both sides. 23 Okay? Any questions on that? 24 (No response.) 25 MR. BORNSTEIN: We do have this other question on the

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findings of fact in our second bullet which relates to Your Honor's order from March 30 which stated that any objections to --

THE COURT: You know, I put that in there because -and this is just for something major. You know, I will give you an example.

Hit and run case. And, you know, big question about whether the light was red or the light was green. And it comes in totally different than people expect or at least what's presented to the Court is totally different.

If there is something that is not -- that is not arguable, in your view, I want to know about it sooner rather than later because memories -- I can try to fix it.

But that's what that objection would be; if there is something that's really not arguable and that you think the other side just got flat wrong, then let me know so that I can try to figure it out. Check my own notes while my memory is fresh and we can try to -- so I expect to have nothing, I expect to have no objections to be clear. But I put it there just in case.

MR. BORNSTEIN: This is contemplated, if I understand correctly, Your Honor, to be a situation where a party indicates in their findings of fact that a particular fact was proven, but the other party believes that they have just completely botched the testimony, not that it's a shading or a

way you've scripted it.

So using quotes will help.

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MR. BORNSTEIN: That is helpful clarification. 1 Thank 2 you. 3 MR. DOREN: Thank you for the guidance. THE COURT: Okay. We talked about redactions before, 4 5 right, so nothing else on that? 6 I believe that is correct, Your Honor. MR. DOREN: 7 THE COURT: Okay. Anything else that you want to 8 talk about before I move to my agenda? 9 MS. FORREST: No, Your Honor. 10 THE COURT: All right. 11 So you've provided the Court with some stipulations. So 12 I'm accepting the stipulation that Epic will present an 13 opening statement followed by Apple. 14 I'll accept the stipulation with respect to the manner in 15 which the witnesses' deposition designations will be 16 introduced. That's your number two. 17 I thought I already excluded all witnesses from the 18 courtroom. To the extent that wasn't in a prior order, it is 19 ordered. It is one of my standard --20 MR. DOREN: I think the stipulation and the order 21 crossed each other in the mail, Your Honor. We did see that 22 order. 23 THE COURT: Okay. But there was something in here. 24 Do we know yet who your corporate representatives are going to 25 be? Given how many people -- do we know who that's going to

be? 1 2 Are they going to be in the courtroom or are they just 3 going to be participating on the platform? MS. FORREST: Your Honor, the Epic corporate 4 5 representative will be Tim Sweeney and he will be present from 6 the beginning of the trial until the end in the courtroom. 7 MR. DOREN: And Apple's corporate representative will 8 be Phil Schiller, and we expect him to be in the courtroom as 9 well. 10 THE COURT: Okay. It's fine for you to -- I'll 11 accept your stipulation to update your witness lists in terms 12 of "will" and "may" call status on April 26th. 13 With respect to your stipulation regarding Magistrate 14 Judge -- or retired Magistrate Judge Laporte that stipulation 15 That is at Docket 465. I take it the motion at is granted. 16 441 is withdrawn? 17 MR. BORNSTEIN: Yes, Your Honor. This is the Special Master motion? 18 19 THE COURT: Yes. 20 MR. BORNSTEIN: Withdrawn. If the Court needs us to 21 file anything to document that, we will do that. We can 22 figure that out without --23 No, I'll do it in my order. THE COURT: 24 MR. BORNSTEIN: Thank you. 25 THE COURT: Okay. Do we know yet whether, in fact,

each have reserved a conference room in the attorney's lounge.

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I have not received any requests to bring in equipment. So don't forget, you need to send those to me so I can review them. Marshals will not let you bring in anything like that without an order. I think that's probably it.

Make sure that you arrive in time to get through security.

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Ms. Stone usually has the courtroom open about quarter of,
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      Ms. Stone?
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                THE CLERK: Yes. Yes, quarter to 8:00.
                THE COURT: And then we start right at 8:00 o'clock
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      every day. I will, on day one, I'll tell you what my computer
       says. And you can set your clock to my computer. That's when
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 7
      we start, 8:00 o'clock. Okay?
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          As you know, I'm here if you need me, but I think I won't
 9
      see you again until I see you live on May 3rd.
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           You will be getting daily time sheets. We use an Excel --
11
      actually do it manually. I haven't figured out -- I know that
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      they have the chest clocks, but it doesn't really work for me.
13
      So you will get your -- an Excel spreadsheet and we'll keep
14
      track of your time. But I do need to have the other stuff
15
      with me so I can read in advance on time, Mr. Bornstein.
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           Okay? Any other questions?
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               MR. DOREN: No.
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                         No thank you, Your Honor.
               MS. MOYE:
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               MS. FORREST:
                             Thank you.
                THE COURT: All right.
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          And then, yes, it looks like we will be testing --
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      Ms. Stone is telling me on 4/29 10:00 a.m. people are coming
23
      from your offices to set up equipment on Thursday.
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                MS. FORREST: Yes.
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                THE COURT: Okay. All right. Good enough.
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